Making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1995, and making supplemental appropriations for such programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1995, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

For payment to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States share of the paid-in share portion of the increases in capital stock for the General Capital Increase, $23,009,101, to remain available until expended: Provided, That one quarter of such funds may be obligated only after April 1, 1995: Provided further, That one quarter of such funds may be obligated only after September 1, 1995: Provided further, That not more than twenty-one days prior to the obligation of each such sum, the Secretary shall submit a certification to the Committees on Appropriations that the Bank has not approved any loans to Iran since October 1, 1994, or the President of the United States certifies that withholding of these funds is contrary to the national interest of the United States.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of increases in capital stock in an amount not to exceed $743,923,914. For payment to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States contribution to the Global Environment Facility (GEF), $90,000,000, to remain available until expended.
CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

For payment to the International Development Association by the Secretary of the Treasury, $1,235,000,000, for the United States contribution to the replenishment, to remain available until expended.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

For payment to the International Finance Corporation by the Secretary of the Treasury, $68,743,028, for the United States share of the increase in subscriptions to capital stock, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of the amount appropriated under this heading not more than $5,384,000 may be expended for the purchase of such stock in fiscal year 1995.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the Inter-American Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States share of the paid-in share portion of the increase in capital stock, $28,111,959, and for the United States share of the increases in the resources of the Fund for Special Operations, $21,338,000, and for the United States share of the capital stock of the Inter-American Investment Corporation, $190,000, to remain available until expended.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the Inter-American Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such capital stock in an amount not to exceed $1,594,568,180.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ENTERPRISE FOR THE AMERICAS MULTILATERAL INVESTMENT FUND

For payment to the Enterprise for the Americas Multilateral Investment Fund by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States contribution to the Fund to be administered by the Inter-American Development Bank, $75,000,000 to remain available until expended.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ASIAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

For the United States contribution by the Secretary of the Treasury to the increases in resources of the Asian Development Fund, as authorized by the Asian Development Bank Act, as amended (Public Law 89–369), $167,960,000, to remain available until expended.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

For payment to the African Development Fund by the Secretary of the Treasury, $124,229,309, for the United States contribution to the African Development Fund, to remain available until expended.
CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the African Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the paid-in share portion of the United States share of the increase in capital stock, $133,000, to remain available until expended.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the African Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such capital stock in an amount not to exceed $2,002,540.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE EUROPEAN BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

For payment to the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development by the Secretary of the Treasury, $69,180,353, for the United States share of the paid-in share portion of the initial capital subscription, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of the amount appropriated under this heading not more than $7,002,000 may be expended for the purchase of such stock in fiscal year 1995.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such capital stock in an amount not to exceed $161,420,824.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ENHANCED STRUCTURAL ADJUSTMENT FACILITY OF THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

For payment to the Interest Subsidy Account of the Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility of the International Monetary Fund, $25,000,000, to remain available until expended.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 301 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and of section 2 of the United Nations Environment Program Participation Act of 1973, $374,000,000: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for the United Nations Fund for Science and Technology: Provided further, That funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for the International Atomic Energy Agency only if the Secretary of State determines (and so reports to the Congress) that Israel is not being denied its right to participate in the activities of that Agency: Provided further, That of the funds appropriated under this heading that are made available for the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 75 per centum shall be obligated and expended no later than thirty days after the date of enactment of this Act and 25 per centum shall be expended within thirty days from the start of UNICEF's fourth quarter of operations for 1995: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading that are made available to the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) shall be made available for activities in the People's
Republic of China: Provided further, That not more than $50,000,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available to the UNFPA: Provided further, That not more than one-half of this amount may be provided to UNFPA before March 1, 1995, and that no later than February 15, 1995, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations indicating the amount UNFPA is budgeting for the People's Republic of China in 1995: Provided further, That any amount UNFPA plans to spend in the People's Republic of China in 1995 above $7,000,000, shall be deducted from the amount of funds provided to UNFPA after March 1, 1995 pursuant to the previous provisos: Provided further, That with respect to any funds appropriated under this heading that are made available to UNFPA, UNFPA shall be required to maintain such funds in a separate account and not commingle them with any other funds.

TITLE II—BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

Funds Appropriated to the President

For expenses necessary to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and for other purposes, to remain available until September 30, 1995, unless otherwise specified herein, as follows:

Agency for International Development

Development Assistance Fund

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $853,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1996: Provided, That of the funds appropriated under this title under the heading "Agency for International Development", (1) not less than $280,000,000 should be made available for activities which have as their objective the reduction of childhood mortality, including such activities as immunization programs, oral rehydration programs, and education programs which address improved nutrition, and water and sanitation programs, (2) not less than $135,000,000 should be made available for basic education programs, and (3) not less than $25,000,000 should be made available for micronutrient programs.

Population, Development Assistance

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 104(b), $450,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1996: Provided, That none of the funds made available in this Act nor any unobligated balances from prior appropriations may be made available to any organization or program which, as determined by the President of the United States, supports or participates in the management of a program of coercive abortion or involuntary sterilization: Provided further, That none of the funds made available under this heading may be used to pay for the performance of abortion as a method of family planning or to motivate or coerce any person to practice abortions; and that in order to reduce reliance on abortion in developing nations, funds shall be available only to voluntary family planning projects which offer, either directly or through referral to, or information about access to, a broad
range of family planning methods and services: Provided further, That in awarding grants for natural family planning under section 104 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 no applicant shall be discriminated against because of such applicant's religious or conscientious commitment to offer only natural family planning; and, additionally, all such applicants shall comply with the requirements of the previous proviso: Provided further, That for purposes of this or any other Act authorizing or appropriating funds for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs, the term "motivate", as it relates to family planning assistance, shall not be construed to prohibit the provision, consistent with local law, of information or counseling about all pregnancy options including abortion: Provided further, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to alter any existing statutory prohibitions against abortion under section 104 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961: Provided further, That of the funds appropriated under this heading, not less than the amount equal to the amount made available for the Office of Population of the Agency for International Development in fiscal year 1994 shall be made available to that office: Provided further, That the Administrator of the Agency for International Development may decrease that amount only if he consults with and provides a written justification to the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That such justification shall be considered in accordance with the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR AFRICA

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 10 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $802,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1996: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act to carry out chapters 1 and 10 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be transferred to the Government of Zaire: Provided further, That funds appropriated under this heading which are made available for activities supported by the Southern Africa Development Community shall be made available notwithstanding section 512 of this Act and section 620(q) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

PRIVATE AND VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS

None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act for development assistance may be made available to any United States private and voluntary organization, except any cooperative development organization, which obtains less than 20 per centum of its total annual funding for international activities from sources other than the United States Government: Provided, That the requirements of the provisions of section 123(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the provisions on private and voluntary organizations in title II of the "Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1985" (as enacted in Public Law 98-478) shall be superseded by the provisions of this section.

INTERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses for international disaster relief, rehabilitation, and reconstruction assistance pursuant to section

22 USC 2151u note.
491 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, $169,998,000 to remain available until expended.

DEBT RESTRUCTURING

For the cost, as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of modifying direct loans and loan guarantees, as the President may determine, for which funds have been appropriated or otherwise made available for programs within the International Affairs Budget Function 150, $7,000,000, to remain available until expended.

MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM ACCOUNT

For the subsidy cost of direct loans and loan guarantees, $1,500,000, as authorized by section 108 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended: PROVIDED, That such costs shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974: PROVIDED further, That guarantees of loans made under this heading in support of microenterprise activities may guarantee up to 70 percent of the principal amount of any such loans notwithstanding section 108 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. In addition, for administrative expenses to carry out programs under this heading, $500,000, all of which may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for Operating Expenses of the Agency for International Development.

HOUSING GUARANTY PROGRAM ACCOUNT

For the subsidy cost, as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of guaranteed loans authorized by sections 221 and 222 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $19,300,000: PROVIDED, That these funds are available to subsidize loan principal, 100 percent of which shall be guaranteed, pursuant to the authority of such sections: PROVIDED further, That the President shall enter into commitments to guarantee such loans in the full amount provided under this heading, subject to the availability of qualified applicants for such guarantees. In addition, for administrative expenses to carry out guaranteed loan programs, $8,000,000, all of which may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for Operating Expenses of the Agency for International Development: PROVIDED further, That commitments to guarantee loans under this heading may be entered into notwithstanding the second and third sentences of section 222(a) and, with regard to programs for Eastern Europe and programs for the benefit of South Africans disadvantaged by apartheid, section 223(j) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961: PROVIDED further, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be obligated except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For payment to the "Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund", as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980, $45,118,000.
Operating Expenses of the Agency for International Development

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 667, $517,500,000: Provided, That of this amount not more than $1,475,000 may be made available to pay for printing costs: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act for programs administered by the Agency for International Development may be used to finance printing costs of any report or study (except feasibility, design, or evaluation reports or studies) in excess of $25,000 without the approval of the Administrator of that Agency or the Administrator's designee.

Operating Expenses of the Agency for International Development Office of Inspector General

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 667, $39,118,000, which sum shall be available for the Office of the Inspector General of the Agency for International Development.

Economic Support Fund

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 4 of part II, $2,349,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1996: Provided, That of the funds appropriated under this heading, not less than $1,200,000,000 shall be available only for Israel, which sum shall be available on a grant basis as a cash transfer and shall be disbursed within thirty days of enactment of this Act or by October 31, 1994, whichever is later: Provided further, That not less than $815,000,000 shall be available only for Egypt, which sum shall be provided on a grant basis, and of which sum cash transfer assistance may be provided, with the understanding that Egypt will undertake significant economic reforms which are additional to those which were undertaken in previous fiscal years, and of which not less than $200,000,000 shall be provided as Commodity Import Program assistance: Provided further, That in exercising the authority to provide cash transfer assistance for Israel and Egypt, the President shall ensure that the level of such assistance does not cause an adverse impact on the total level of nonmilitary exports from the United States to each such country: Provided further, That it is the sense of the Congress that the recommended levels of assistance for Egypt and Israel are based in great measure upon their continued participation in the Camp David Accords and upon the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for Zaire: Provided further, That not more than $50,000,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available to finance tied-aid credits, unless the President determines it is in the national interest to provide in excess of $50,000,000 and so notifies the Committees on Appropriations through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That none of the funds made available or limited by this Act may be used for tied-aid credits or tied-aid grants except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act to carry out the provisions of chapters 1 and 10 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be used for tied-aid credits:

President.
Provided further, That as used in this heading the term "tied-aid credits" means any credit, within the meaning of section 15(h)(1) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, which is used for blended or parallel financing, as those terms are defined by sections 15(h)(4) and (5), respectively, of such Act: Provided further, That not less than $15,000,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for Cyprus to be used only for scholarships, bicomunal projects, and measures aimed at the reunification of the island and designed to reduce tensions, and promote peace and cooperation between the two communities on Cyprus.

INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR IRELAND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, up to $19,600,000, which shall be available for the United States contribution to the International Fund for Ireland and shall be made available in accordance with the provisions of the Anglo-Irish Agreement Support Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-415): Provided, That such amount shall be expended at the minimum rate necessary to make timely payment for projects and activities: Provided further, That funds made available under this heading shall remain available until expended.

ASSISTANCE FOR EASTERN EUROPE AND THE BALTIc STATES

(a) For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the Support for East European Democracy (SEED) Act of 1989, $359,000,000, to remain available until expended, which shall be available, notwithstanding any other provision of law, for economic assistance and for related programs for Eastern Europe and the Baltic States.

(b) Funds appropriated under this heading or in prior appropriations Acts that are or have been made available for an Enterprise Fund may be deposited by such Fund in interest-bearing accounts prior to the Fund's disbursement of such funds for program purposes. The Fund may retain for such program purposes any interest earned on such deposits without returning such interest to the Treasury of the United States and without further appropriation by the Congress. Funds made available for Enterprise Funds shall be expended at the minimum rate necessary to make timely payment for projects and activities.

(c) Funds appropriated under this heading shall be considered to be economic assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for purposes of making available the administrative authorities contained in that Act for the use of economic assistance.

ASSISTANCE FOR THE NEW INDEPENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION

(a) For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 11 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the FREEDOM Support Act, for assistance for the new independent states of the former Soviet Union and for related programs, $850,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the provisions of 498B(j) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall apply to funds appropriated by this paragraph.

(b) None of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be transferred to the Government of Russia—
(1) unless that Government is making progress in implementing comprehensive economic reforms based on market principles, private ownership, negotiating repayment of commercial debt, respect for commercial contracts, and equitable treatment of foreign private investment; and

(2) if that Government applies or transfers United States assistance to any entity for the purpose of expropriating or seizing ownership or control of assets, investments, or ventures.

(c) Funds may be furnished without regard to subsection (b) if the President determines that to do so is in the national interest.

(d) None of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available to any government of the new independent states of the former Soviet Union if that government directs any action in violation of the territorial integrity or national sovereignty of any other new independent state, such as those violations included in Principle Six of the Helsinki Final Act: Provided, That such funds may be made available without regard to the restriction in this subsection if the President determines that to do so is in the national interest of the United States: Provided further, That the restriction of this subsection shall not apply to the use of such funds for the provision of assistance for purposes of humanitarian, disaster and refugee relief.

(e) None of the funds appropriated under this heading for the new independent states of the former Soviet Union shall be made available for any state to enhance its military capability: Provided, That this restriction does not apply to demilitarization, defense conversion or non-proliferation programs, or programs to support troop withdrawal including through the support of an officer resettlement program, and technical assistance for the housing sector.

(f) Funds appropriated under this heading shall be subject to the regular procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

(g) Funds made available in this Act for assistance to the new independent states of the former Soviet Union shall be subject to the provisions of section 117 (relating to environment and natural resources) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

(h) Funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for assistance for Mongolia.

(i) Funds made available in this Act for assistance to the new independent states of the former Soviet Union shall be provided to the maximum extent feasible through the private sector, including private voluntary organizations and nongovernmental organizations functioning in the new independent states.

(j) Of the funds appropriated under this heading, not less than $15,000,000 should be available only for a family planning program for the new independent states of the former Soviet Union comparable to the family planning program currently administered by the Agency for International Development in the Central Asian Republics and focusing on population assistance which provides an alternative to abortion.

(k) Of the funds appropriated under this heading, not less than $150,000,000 should be made available for programs for Ukraine: Provided, That of these funds not less than $25,000,000 should be made available for land privatization activities and development of small and medium size businesses, including agriculture enterprises.
(l) Of the funds made available by this or any other Act, not less than $75,000,000 should be made available for programs and activities for Armenia.

(m) Of the funds made available by this or any other Act, not less than $50,000,000 should be made available for programs and activities for Georgia.

(n) The President should establish a Trans-Caucasus Enterprise Fund.

The report required by subsection (d) under the heading "Assistance for the New Independent States of the Former Soviet Union", contained in Public Law 102-391, shall be updated at least annually and shall also contain a listing of all grants and contracts issued from funds appropriated annually for the new independent states of the former Soviet Union, to include for each grant and contract (1) a description of its purpose, (2) its amount, and (3) the country where the grant or contract funds are to be expended.

(p) Not less than $50,000,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading should be made available for programs and activities which match United States private sector resources with Federal funds.

(q) Within sixty days of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall report to the Committees on Appropriations on steps being taken to include individuals and organizations with language or regional expertise in the provision of assistance to the new independent states of the former Soviet Union.

(r) Of the funds appropriated under this heading and under the heading "Assistance for Eastern Europe and the Baltic States", not to exceed $30,000,000 shall be made available for police training and exchanges, and investigative and technical assistance activities related to international criminal activities.

(s) Of the funds appropriated under this heading, not less than 50 percent should be made available for country specific activities within bilateral, regional, or multilateral programs, except as provided through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title V of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1980, Public Law 96-533, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 9104, title 31, United States Code, $16,905,000: Provided, That, when, with the permission of the President of the Foundation, funds made available to a grantee under this heading are invested pending disbursement, the resulting interest is not required to be deposited in the United States Treasury if the grantee uses the resulting interest for the purpose for which the grant was made: Provided further, That this provision applies with respect to both interest earned before and interest earned after the enactment of this provision: Provided further, That notwithstanding section 505(a)(2) of the African Development Foundation Act, in exceptional circumstances the board of directors of the Foundation may waive the dollar limitation contained in that section with
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Reports. respect to a project: Provided further, That the Foundation shall provide a report to the Committees on Appropriations after each time such waiver authority is exercised.

INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION

For expenses necessary to carry out the functions of the Inter-American Foundation in accordance with the provisions of section 401 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1969, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 9104, title 31, United States Code, $30,960,000.

PEACE CORPS

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Peace Corps Act (75 Stat. 612), $219,745,000, including the purchase of not to exceed five passenger motor vehicles for administrative purposes for use outside of the United States: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be used to pay for abortions: Provided further, That funds appropriated under this heading shall remain available until September 30, 1996.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 481 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $105,000,000: Provided, That during fiscal year 1995, the Department of State may also use the authority of section 608 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, without regard to its restrictions, to receive non-lethal excess property from an agency of the United States Government for the purpose of providing it to a foreign country under chapter 8 of part I of that Act subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to enable the Secretary of State to provide, as authorized by law, a contribution to the International Committee of the Red Cross and assistance to refugees, including contributions to the Intergovernmental Committee for Migration and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees; salaries and expenses of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980; allowances as authorized by sections 5921 through 5925 of title 5, United States Code; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, $671,000,000: Provided, That not more than $11,500,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for the administrative expenses of the Office of Refugee Programs of the Department of State: Provided further, That not less than $80,000,000 shall be made available for refugees from the former Soviet Union and Eastern Europe and other refugees resettling in Israel.
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REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses for the targeted assistance program authorized by title IV of the Immigration and Nationality Act and section 501 of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 and administered by the Office of Refugee Resettlement of the Department of Health and Human Services, in addition to amounts otherwise available for such purposes, $6,000,000.

UNITED STATES EMERGENCY REFUGEE AND MIGRATION ASSISTANCE FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 2(c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962, as amended (22 U.S.C. 260(c)), $50,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the funds made available under this heading are appropriated notwithstanding the provisions contained in section 2(c)(2) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 which would limit the amount of funds which could be appropriated for this purpose.

ANTI-TERRORISM ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 8 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $15,244,000.

NONPROLIFERATION AND DISARMAMENT FUND

For necessary expenses for a "Nonproliferation and Disarmament Fund", $10,000,000, to remain available until expended, to promote bilateral and multilateral activities: Provided, That such funds may be used pursuant to the authorities contained in section 504 of the FREEDOM Support Act: Provided further, That such funds may also be used for such countries other than the new independent states of the former Soviet Union and international organizations when it is in the national security interest of the United States to do so: Provided further, That funds appropriated under this heading may be made available notwithstanding any other provision of law: Provided further, That funds appropriated under this heading shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

TITLE III—MILITARY ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 541 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $25,500,000: Provided, That up to $300,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for grant financed military education and training for any country whose annual per capita GNP exceeds $2,349 on the condition that that country agrees to fund from its own resources the transportation cost and living allowances of its students: Provided further, That the civilian personnel for whom military education and training may be provided under this heading may also include members of national legislatures who are responsible for the oversight and management of the military,
and may also include individuals who are not members of a government: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for Indonesia, Rwanda, and Zaire: Provided further, That a report is to be submitted to the Committees on Appropriations addressing how the proposed School of the Americas IMET program for fiscal year 1995 will contribute to the promotion of human rights, respect for civilian authority and the rule of law, the establishment of legitimate judicial mechanisms for the military, and achieving the goal of right sizing military forces: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading or under the heading “Military-to-Military Contact Program” may be made available for Thailand or Algeria except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That the Secretary of State shall submit, by February 1, 1995, a report to the Committees on Appropriations on the Thai military’s support for the Khmer Rouge and the Thai Government’s efforts to impede support for Burmese democracy advocates, exiles, and refugees.

MILITARY-TO-MILITARY CONTACT PROGRAM

For necessary expenses, for the military-to-military contact program of the Department of Defense, $12,000,000: Provided, That funds appropriated under this heading may be made available only for activities in the area of responsibility of the United States Pacific Command and for activities for East European countries and the Baltic States.

FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING PROGRAM

For expenses necessary for grants to enable the President to carry out the provisions of section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act, $3,151,279,000: Provided, That of the funds appropriated by this paragraph not less than $1,800,000,000 shall be available for grants only for Israel, and not less than $1,300,000,000 shall be available for grants only for Egypt: Provided further, That the funds appropriated by this paragraph for Israel shall be disbursed within thirty days of enactment of this Act or by October 31, 1994, whichever is later: Provided further, That to the extent that the Government of Israel requests that funds be used for such purposes, grants made available for Israel by this paragraph shall, as agreed by Israel and the United States, be available for advanced fighter aircraft programs or for other advanced weapons systems, as follows: (1) up to $150,000,000 shall be available for research and development in the United States; and (2) not less than $475,000,000 shall be available for the procurement in Israel of defense articles and defense services, including research and development: Provided further, That funds made available under this paragraph shall be nonrepayable notwithstanding any requirement in section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act.

For the cost, as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of direct loans authorized by section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act as follows: cost of direct loans, $47,917,000: Provided, That these funds are available to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans of not to exceed $619,650,000: Provided further, That the rate of interest charged on such loans shall be not less than the current average market yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United
States of comparable maturities: Provided further, That funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for Greece and Turkey only on a loan basis, and the principal amount of direct loans for each country shall not exceed the following: $255,150,000 only for Greece and $364,500,000 only for Turkey: Provided further, That 10 percent of the principal amount of direct loans for Turkey shall be withheld until the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, has submitted to the Committees on Appropriations a report addressing, among other things, the allegations of abuses against civilians by the Turkish armed forces and the situation in Cyprus, and a separate notification has been submitted at least 15 days prior to the obligation of such funds: Provided further, That 10 percent of the principal amount of direct loans for Greece shall be withheld until the Secretary of State has submitted to the Committees on Appropriations a report on the allegations of Greek violations of the United Nations sanctions against Serbia and of the United Nations Charter, and a separate notification has been submitted at least 15 days prior to the obligation of such funds.

None of the funds made available under this heading shall be available to finance the procurement of defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services that are not sold by the United States Government under the Arms Export Control Act unless the foreign country proposing to make such procurements first signs an agreement with the United States Government specifying the conditions under which such procurements may be financed with such funds: Provided, That all country and funding level increases in allocations shall be submitted through the regular notification procedures of section 515 of this Act: Provided further, That funds made available under this heading shall be obligated upon apportionment in accordance with paragraph (5)(C) of title 31, United States Code, section 1501(a): Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for Zaire, Sudan, Liberia, Guatemala, and Peru: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for Colombia or Bolivia until the Secretary of State certifies that such funds will be used by such country primarily for counternarcotics activities: Provided further, That funds made available under this heading may be used, notwithstanding any other provision of law, for demining activities, and may include activities implemented through nongovernmental and international organizations: Provided further, That not more than $100,000,000 of the funds made available under this heading may be used for use in financing the procurement of defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services that are not sold by the United States Government under the Arms Export Control Act to countries other than Israel and Egypt: Provided further, That only those countries for which assistance was justified for the "Foreign Military Sales Financing Program" in the fiscal year 1989 congressional presentation for security assistance programs may utilize funds made available under this heading for procurement of defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services that are not sold by the United States Government under the Arms Export Control Act: Provided further, That, subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, funds made available under this heading for the cost of direct loans may also be used to supplement the funds available
under this heading for necessary expenses for grants if countries
specified under this heading as eligible for such direct loans decline
to utilize such loans: Provided further, That funds appropriated
under this heading shall be expended at the minimum rate nec-
essary to make timely payment for defense articles and services:
Provided further, That the Department of Defense shall conduct
during the current fiscal year nonreimbursable audits of private
firms whose contracts are made directly with foreign governments
and are financed with funds made available under this heading
(as well as subcontractors thereunder) as requested by the Defense
Security Assistance Agency: Provided further, That not more than
$22,150,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading may
be obligated for necessary expenses, including the purchase of pas-
soon motor vehicles for replacement only for use outside of the
United States, for the general costs of administering military assis-
tance and sales: Provided further, That not more than $335,000,000
of funds realized pursuant to section 21(e)(1)(A) of the Arms Export
Control Act may be obligated for expenses incurred by the Depart-
ment of Defense during fiscal year 1995 pursuant to section 43(b)
of the Arms Export Control Act, except that this limitation may
be exceeded only through the regular notification procedures of
the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That none
of the funds appropriated under this heading, and no employee
of the Defense Security Assistance Agency, may be used to facilitate
the transport of aircraft to commercial arms sales shows.

SPECIAL DEFENSE ACQUISITION FUND

Notwithstanding any provision of Public Law 102-391 as
amended by Public Law 103-87, not to exceed $140,000,000 of
the obligational authority provided in that Act under the heading
"Special Defense Acquisition Fund" may be obligated pursuant to
section 51(c)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act.
Not to exceed $20,000,000 may be obligated pursuant to section
51(c)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act for the purposes of closing
the Special Defense Acquisition Fund, to remain available for obliga-
tion until September 30, 1998: Provided, That the authority pro-
vided in this Act is not used to initiate new procurements.

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS
(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section
551 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $75,000,000: Provided,
That of this amount up to $850,000 may be transferred to, and
merged with, funds appropriated under the heading "International
Military Education and Training" to carry out the provisions of
section 541 of the Act: Provided further, That funds transferred
under the previous proviso shall be in addition to amounts that
may be transferred between accounts under the authority of any
other provision of law.

TITLE IV—EXPORT ASSISTANCE

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

The Export-Import Bank of the United States is authorized
to make such expenditures within the limits of funds and borrowing
authority available to such corporation, and in accordance with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as may be necessary in carrying out the program for the current fiscal year for such corporation: Provided, That none of the funds available during the current fiscal year may be used to make expenditures, contracts, or commitments for the export of nuclear equipment, fuel, or technology to any country other than a nuclear-weapon State as defined in article IX of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons eligible to receive economic or military assistance under this Act that has detonated a nuclear explosive after the date of enactment of this Act.

SUBSIDY APPROPRIATION

For the cost of direct loans, loan guarantees, insurance, and tied-aid grants as authorized by section 10 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended, $786,551,000 to remain available until September 30, 1996: Provided, That such costs, including the cost of modifying such loans, shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974: Provided further, That such sums shall remain available until 2010 for the disbursement of direct loans, loan guarantees, insurance and tied-aid grants obligated in fiscal years 1995 and 1996: Provided further, That up to $100,000,000 of funds appropriated by this paragraph shall remain available until expended and may be used for tied-aid grant purposes: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated by this paragraph may be used for tied-aid credits or grants except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That funds appropriated by this paragraph are made available notwithstanding section 2(b)(2) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, in connection with the purchase or lease of any product by any East European country, any Baltic State, or any agency or national thereof.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For administrative expenses to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan and insurance programs (to be computed on an accrual basis), including hire of passenger motor vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed $20,000 for official reception and representation expenses for members of the Board of Directors, $45,228,000: Provided, That necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the collection of moneys owed the Export-Import Bank, repossession or sale of pledged collateral or other assets acquired by the Export-Import Bank in satisfaction of moneys owed the Export-Import Bank, or the investigation or appraisal of any property, or the evaluation of the legal or technical aspects of any transaction for which an application for a loan, guarantee or insurance commitment has been made, shall be considered nonadministrative expenses for the purposes of this heading: Provided further, That, notwithstanding subsection (b) of section 117 of the Export Enhancement Act of 1992, subsection (a) thereof shall remain in effect until October 1, 1995.
The Overseas Private Investment Corporation is authorized to make, without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by 31 U.S.C. 9104, such expenditures and commitments within the limits of funds available to it and in accordance with law as may be necessary: Provided, That the amount available for administrative expenses to carry out the credit and insurance programs (including an amount for official reception and representation expenses which shall not exceed $36,000) shall not exceed $24,322,000: Provided further, That project-specific transaction costs, including direct and indirect costs incurred in claims settlements, and other direct costs associated with services provided to specific investors or potential investors pursuant to section 234 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, shall not be considered administrative expenses for the purposes of this heading.

For the cost of direct and guaranteed loans, $33,944,000, as authorized by section 234 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, to be derived by transfer from the Overseas Private Investment Corporation Noncredit Account: Provided, That such costs, including the cost of modifying such loans, shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974: Provided further, That such sums shall be available for direct loan obligations and loan guaranty commitments incurred or made during fiscal years 1995 and 1996: Provided further, That such sums shall remain available through fiscal year 2003 for the disbursement of direct and guaranteed loans obligated in fiscal year 1995, and through fiscal year 2004 for the disbursement of direct and guaranteed loans obligated in fiscal year 1996. In addition, such sums as may be necessary for administrative expenses to carry out the credit program may be derived from amounts available for administrative expenses to carry out the credit and insurance programs in the Overseas Private Investment Corporation Noncredit Account and merged with said account.

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 661 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, $44,986,000.

Sec. 501. Except for the appropriations entitled “International Disaster Assistance”, and “United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund”, not more than 15 per centum of any appropriation item made available by this Act shall be obligated during the last month of availability.
PROHIBITION OF BILATERAL FUNDING FOR INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 502. None of the funds contained in title II of this Act may be used to carry out the provisions of section 209(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

LIMITATION ON RESIDENCE EXPENSES

SEC. 503. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed $126,500 shall be for official residence expenses of the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year: Provided, That appropriate steps shall be taken to assure that, to the maximum extent possible, United States-owned foreign currencies are utilized in lieu of dollars.

LIMITATION ON EXPENSES

SEC. 504. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed $5,000 shall be for entertainment expenses of the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year.

LIMITATION ON REPRESENTATIONAL ALLOWANCES

SEC. 505. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed $95,000 shall be available for representation allowances for the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year: Provided, That appropriate steps shall be taken to assure that, to the maximum extent possible, United States-owned foreign currencies are utilized in lieu of dollars: Provided further, That of the funds made available by this Act for general costs of administering military assistance and sales under the heading “Foreign Military Financing Program”, not to exceed $2,000 shall be available for entertainment expenses and not to exceed $50,000 shall be available for representation allowances: Provided further, That of the funds made available by this Act under the heading “International Military Education and Training”, not to exceed $50,000 shall be available for entertainment allowances: Provided further, That of the funds made available by this Act for the Inter-American Foundation, not to exceed $2,000 shall be available for entertainment and representation allowances: Provided further, That of the funds made available by this Act for the Peace Corps, not to exceed a total of $4,000 shall be available for entertainment expenses: Provided further, That of the funds made available by this Act under the heading “Trade and Development Agency”, not to exceed $2,000 shall be available for representation and entertainment allowances.

PROHIBITION ON FINANCING NUCLEAR GOODS

SEC. 506. None of the funds appropriated or made available (other than funds for “International Organizations and Programs”) pursuant to this Act, for carrying out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, may be used, except for purposes of nuclear safety, to finance the export of nuclear equipment, fuel, or technology.
PROHIBITION AGAINST DIRECT FUNDING FOR CERTAIN COUNTRIES

SEC. 507. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance or reparations to Cuba, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Iran, Serbia, Sudan, or Syria: Provided, That for purposes of this section, the prohibition on obligations or expenditures shall include direct loans, credits, insurance and guarantees of the Export-Import Bank or its agents.

MILITARY COUPS

SEC. 508. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance to any country whose duly elected Head of Government is deposed by military coup or decree: Provided, That assistance may be resumed to such country if the President determines and reports to the Committees on Appropriations that subsequent to the termination of assistance a democratically elected government has taken office.

TRANSFERS BETWEEN ACCOUNTS

SEC. 509. None of the funds made available by this Act may be obligated under an appropriation account to which they were not appropriated, unless the President, prior to the exercise of any authority contained in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to transfer funds, consults with and provides a written policy justification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate: Provided, That the exercise of such authority shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

DEOBLIGATION/REOBLIGATION AUTHORITY

SEC. 510. (a) Amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1955, as having been obligated against appropriations heretofore made under the authority of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for the same general purpose as any of the headings under the "Agency for International Development" are, if deobligated, hereby continued available for the same period as the respective appropriations under such headings or until September 30, 1995, whichever is later, and for the same general purpose, and for countries within the same region as originally obligated: Provided, That the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of the Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of the deobligation and reobligation of such funds in accordance with regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

(b) Obligated balances of funds appropriated to carry out section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act as of the end of the fiscal year immediately preceding the current fiscal year are, if deobligated, hereby continued available during the current fiscal year for the same purpose under any authority applicable to such appropriations under this Act: Provided, That the authority of this subsection may not be used in fiscal year 1995.
AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

SEC. 511. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation after the expiration of the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided in this Act: Provided, That funds appropriated for the purposes of chapters 1 and 8 of part I, section 667, and chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, shall remain available until expended if such funds are initially obligated before the expiration of their respective periods of availability contained in this Act: Provided further, That, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any funds made available for the purposes of chapter 1 of part I and chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 which are allocated or obligated for cash disbursements in order to address balance of payments or economic policy reform objectives, shall remain available until expended: Provided further, That the report required by section 653(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall designate for each country, to the extent known at the time of submission of such report, those funds allocated for cash disbursement for balance of payment and economic policy reform purposes.

LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES IN DEFAULT

SEC. 512. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to furnish assistance to any country which is in default during a period in excess of one calendar year in payment to the United States of principal or interest on any loan made to such United States pursuant to a program for which funds are appropriated under this Act: Provided, That this section and section 620(q) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall not apply to funds made available in this Act or during the current fiscal year for Nicaragua, and for any narcotics-related assistance for Colombia, Bolivia, and Peru authorized by the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or the Arms Export Control Act.

COMMERCE AND TRADE

SEC. 513. (a) None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act for direct assistance and none of the funds otherwise made available pursuant to this Act to the Export-Import Bank and the Overseas Private Investment Corporation shall be obligated or expended to finance any loan, any assistance or any other financial commitments for establishing or expanding production of any commodity for export by any country other than the United States, if the commodity is likely to be in surplus on world markets at the time the resulting productive capacity is expected to become operative and if the assistance will cause substantial injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity: Provided, That such prohibition shall not apply to the Export-Import Bank if in the judgment of its Board of Directors, the benefits to industry and employment in the United States are likely to outweigh the injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity.

(b) None of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be available for any testing or breeding feasibility study, variety improvement or introduction, consultancy, publica-
tion, conference, or training in connection with the growth or production in a foreign country of an agricultural commodity for export which would compete with a similar commodity grown or produced in the United States: Provided, That this subsection shall not prohibit—

(1) activities designed to increase food security in developing countries where such activities will not have a significant impact in the export of agricultural commodities of the United States; or

(2) research activities intended primarily to benefit American producers.

(c) None of the funds provided in this Act to the Agency for International Development, other than funds made available to carry out Caribbean Basin Initiative programs under the Tariff Schedules of the United States, section 1202 of title 19, United States Code, schedule 8, part I, subpart B, item 807.00, shall be obligated or expended—

(1) to procure directly feasibility studies or prefeasibility studies for, or project profiles of potential investment in, the manufacture, for export to the United States or to third country markets in direct competition with United States exports, of import-sensitive articles as defined by section 503(c)(1)(A) and (E) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 2463(c)(1)(A) and (E)); or

(2) to assist directly in the establishment of facilities specifically designed for the manufacture, for export to the United States or to third country markets in direct competition with United States exports, of import-sensitive articles as defined in section 503(c)(1)(A) and (E) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 2463(c)(1)(A) and (E)).

SURPLUS COMMODITIES

SEC. 514. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the International Finance Corporation, the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Asian Development Bank, the Inter-American Investment Corporation, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the African Development Bank, and the African Development Fund to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose any assistance by these institutions, using funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, for the production or extraction of any commodity or mineral for export, if it is in surplus on world markets and if the assistance will cause substantial injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity.

NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

"Support Fund", "Peacekeeping operations", "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development", "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development Office of Inspector General", "Anti-terrorism assistance", "Foreign Military Financing Program", "International military education and training", "Military-to-Military Contact Program", "Inter-American Foundation", "African Development Foundation", "Peace Corps", or "Migration and refugee assistance", shall be available for obligation for activities, programs, projects, type of materiel assistance, countries, or other operation not justified or in excess of the amount justified to the Appropriations Committees for obligation under any of these specific headings unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are previously notified fifteen days in advance: Provided, That the President shall not enter into any commitment of funds appropriated for the purposes of section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act for the provision of major defense equipment, other than conventional ammunition, or other major defense items defined to be aircraft, ships, missiles, or combat vehicles, not previously justified to Congress or 20 per centum in excess of the quantities justified to Congress unless the Committees on Appropriations are notified fifteen days in advance of such commitment: Provided further, That this section shall not apply to any reprogramming for an activity, program, or project under chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 of less than 20 per centum of the amount previously justified to the Congress for obligation for such activity, program, or project for the current fiscal year: Provided further, That the requirements of this section or any similar provision of this Act requiring notification in accordance with the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations may be waived if failure to do so would pose a substantial risk to human health or welfare: Provided further, That in case of any such waiver, notification to the Congress, or the appropriate congressional committees, shall be provided as early as practicable, but in no event later than three days after taking the action to which such notification requirement was applicable, in the context of the circumstances necessitating such waiver: Provided further, That any notification provided pursuant to such a waiver shall contain an explanation of the emergency circumstances.

Drawdowns made pursuant to section 506(a)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

SEC. 516. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or of this Act, none of the funds provided for "International Organizations and Programs" shall be available for the United States proportionate share, in accordance with section 307(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, for any programs identified in section 307, or for Libya, Iran, or, at the discretion of the President, Communist countries listed in section 620(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended: Provided, That, subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, funds appropriated under this Act or any previously enacted Act making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs, which are returned or not made available for organiza-
tions and programs because of the implementation of this section or any similar provision of law, shall remain available for obligation through September 30, 1996.

(b) The United States shall not make any voluntary or assessed contribution—

(1) to any affiliated organization of the United Nations which grants full membership as a state to any organization or group that does not have the internationally recognized attributes of statehood, or

(2) to the United Nations, if the United Nations grants full membership as a state in the United Nations to any organization or group that does not have the internationally recognized attributes of statehood, during any period in which such membership is effective.

SEC. 517. The Congress finds that progress on the peace process in the Middle East is vitally important to United States security interests in the region. The Congress recognizes that, in fulfilling its obligations under the Treaty of Peace Between the Arab Republic of Egypt and the State of Israel, done at Washington on March 26, 1979, Israel incurred severe economic burdens. Furthermore, the Congress recognizes that an economically and militarily secure Israel serves the security interests of the United States, for a secure Israel is an Israel which has the incentive and confidence to continue pursuing the peace process. Therefore, the Congress declares that it is the policy and the intention of the United States that the funds provided in annual appropriations for the Economic Support Fund which are allocated to Israel shall not be less than the annual debt repayment (interest and principal) from Israel to the United States Government in recognition that such a principle serves United States interests in the region.

SEC. 518. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for the performance of abortions as a method of family planning or to motivate or coerce any person to practice abortions. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for the performance of involuntary sterilization as a method of family planning or to coerce or provide any financial incentive to any person to undergo sterilizations. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for any biomedical research which relates in whole or in part, to methods of, or the performance of, abortions or involuntary sterilization as a means of family planning. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be obligated or expended for any country or organization if the President certifies that the use of these funds by any such country or organization would violate any of the above provisions related to abortions and involuntary sterilizations. The Congress reaffirms its commitments to Population, Development Assistance and to the need for informed voluntary family planning.
REPORTING REQUIREMENT

Sec. 519. The President shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations the reports required by section 25(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act.

SPECIAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

Sec. 520. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be obligated or expended for Colombia, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Indonesia, Liberia, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Peru, Rwanda, Sudan, or Zaire except as provided through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided, That this section shall not apply to funds appropriated by this Act to carry out the provisions of chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 that are made available for El Salvador and Nicaragua.

DEFINITION OF PROGRAM, PROJECT, AND ACTIVITY

Sec. 521. For the purpose of this Act, "program, project, and activity" shall be defined at the Appropriations Act account level and shall include all Appropriations and Authorizations Acts earmarks, ceilings, and limitations with the exception that for the following accounts: Economic Support Fund and Foreign Military Financing Program, "program, project, and activity" shall also be considered to include country, regional, and central program level funding within each such account; for the development assistance accounts of the Agency for International Development "program, project, and activity" shall also be considered to include central program level funding, either as (1) justified to the Congress, or (2) allocated by the executive branch in accordance with a report, to be provided to the Committees on Appropriations within thirty days of enactment of this Act, as required by section 653(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

FAMILY PLANNING, CHILD SURVIVAL AND AIDS ACTIVITIES

Sec. 522. Up to $8,000,000 of the funds made available by this Act for assistance for family planning, health, child survival, and AIDS, may be used to reimburse United States Government agencies, agencies of State governments, institutions of higher learning, and private and voluntary organizations for the full cost of individuals (including for the personal services of such individuals) detailed or assigned to, or contracted by, as the case may be, the Agency for International Development for the purpose of carrying out family planning activities, child survival activities and activities relating to research on, and the treatment and control of, acquired immune deficiency syndrome in developing countries: Provided, That such individuals shall not be included within any personnel ceiling or personnel level, with regard to individuals detailed or assigned to the Agency for International Development prior to October 1, 1994, established pursuant to any provision of law or regulation applicable to any United States Government agency during the period of detail or assignment: Provided further, That funds appropriated by this Act that are made available for child survival activities or activities relating to research on, and the treatment and control of, acquired immune deficiency syndrome may be made available notwithstanding any provision of law that
restricts assistance to foreign countries: Provided further. That funds appropriated by this Act that are made available for family planning activities may be made available notwithstanding section 512 of this Act and section 620(q) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

PROHIBITION AGAINST INDIRECT FUNDING TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES

SEC. 523. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated to finance indirectly any assistance or reparations to Cuba, Iraq, Libya, Iran, Syria, North Korea, or the People's Republic of China, unless the President of the United States certifies that the withholding of these funds is contrary to the national interest of the United States.

RECIPROCAL LEASING

SEC. 524. Section 61(a) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by striking out "1994" and inserting in lieu thereof "1995".

NOTIFICATION ON EXCESS DEFENSE EQUIPMENT

SEC. 525. Prior to providing excess Department of Defense articles in accordance with section 516(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the Department of Defense shall notify the Committees on Appropriations to the same extent and under the same conditions as are other committees pursuant to subsection (c) of that section: Provided. That before issuing a letter of offer to sell excess defense articles under the Arms Export Control Act, the Department of Defense shall notify the Committees on Appropriations in accordance with the regular notification procedures of such Committees: Provided further, That such Committees shall also be informed of the original acquisition cost of such defense articles.

AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENT

SEC. 526. (a) Funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated and expended notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-672 and section 15 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.

(b) Section 13 of the Department of State Appropriations Authorization Act of 1973 is repealed.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury may, to fulfill commitments of the United States, (1) subscribe to and make payment for shares of the Inter-American Development Bank, make contributions to the Fund for Special Operations of that Bank, and vote for resolutions (including amendments to that Bank's constitutive agreement), all in connection with the eighth general increase in resources of that Bank; and (2) contribute to the Restructured Global Environment Facility under its Instrument, to the African Development Fund in connection with the seventh general replenishment of its resources, and to the Interest Subsidy Account of the successor to the Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility of the International Monetary Fund. The amount authorized to be appropriated for payment for paid-in shares of the Inter-American Development Bank is limited to $76,832,001, the amount authorized to be appropriated for payment for callable shares of the Inter-American Development Bank is limited to $4,511,156,729, and the amount authorized to be appropriated for payment of
the contribution to the Interest Subsidy Account of the successor to the Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility of the International Monetary Fund is limited to $25,000,000. The amount to be paid in respect of each such contribution or subscription is authorized to be appropriated without fiscal year limitation. Each such subscription or contribution shall be effective only to such extent or in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

(d) Title XV of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 2620) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 1502. MILITARY SPENDING BY RECIPIENT COUNTRIES; MILITARY INVOLVEMENT IN THE ECONOMIES OF RECIPIENT COUNTRIES.

"(a) CONSIDERATION OF COMMITMENT TO ACHIEVING CERTAIN GOALS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the international financial institutions (as defined in section 1701(c)(2)) to promote growth in the international economy by taking into account, when considering whether to support or oppose loan proposals at these institutions, the extent to which the recipient government has demonstrated a commitment to achieving the following goals:

(A) to provide accurate and complete data on the annual expenditures and receipts of the armed forces;

(B) to establish good and publicly accountable governance, including an end to excessive military involvement in the economy; and

(C) to make substantial reductions in excessive military spending and forces.

(b) STEPS TO ACHIEVE GOALS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the international financial institutions (as so defined) to promote a policy at each institution under which—

(1) the respective institution monitors closely and, through regular policy consultations with recipient governments, seeks to influence the composition of public expenditure in favor of funding growth and development priorities and away from unproductive expenditure, including excessive military expenditures;

(2) the respective institution supports lending operations which assist efforts of recipient governments to promote good governance, including public participation, and reduce military expenditures; and

(3) the allocation of resources and the extension of credit by the respective institution takes into account the performance of recipient governments in the areas of good governance, ending excessive military involvement in the economy and reducing excessive military expenditures."

(e) Title XVI of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262p et seq.) is amended by redesignating section 1620 as section 1622 and by inserting after section 1619 the following:

"SEC. 1620. RESPECT FOR INDIGENOUS PEOPLES.

"The Secretary of the Treasury shall direct the United States Executive Directors of the international financial institutions (as defined in section 1701(c)(2)) and the United States representative
to the council of the Global Environment Facility administered by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development to use the voice and vote of the United States to bring about the creation and full implementation of policies designed to promote respect for and full protection of the territorial rights, traditional economies, cultural integrity, traditional knowledge and human rights of indigenous peoples.

22 USC 262p-4p. **SEC. 1621. ENCOURAGEMENT OF FAIR LABOR PRACTICES.**

"(a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall direct the United States Executive Directors of the international financial institutions (as defined in section 1701(c)(2)) to use the voice and vote of the United States to urge the respective institution—

"(1) to adopt policies to encourage borrowing countries to guarantee internationally recognized worker rights (within the meaning of section 502(a)(4) of the Trade Act of 1974) and to include the status of such rights as an integral part of the institution's policy dialogue with each borrowing country;

"(2) in developing the policies referred to in paragraph (1), to use the relevant conventions of the International Labor Organization, which have set forth, among other things, the right of association, the right to organize and bargain collectively, a prohibition on the use of any form of forced or compulsory labor, and certain minimum labor standards that take into account differences in development levels among nations including a minimum age for the employment of children, acceptable conditions of work with respect to minimum wages, hours of work, and occupational safety and health; and

"(3) to establish formal procedures to screen projects and programs funded by the institution for any negative impact in a borrowing country on the rights referred to in paragraph (1).

"(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate by the end of each fiscal year a report on the extent to which each borrowing country guarantees internationally recognized worker rights to its labor force and on progress toward achieving each of the goals described in subsection (a)."

22 USC 262p-4p. **SEC. 1621. ENCOURAGEMENT OF FAIR LABOR PRACTICES.**

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"(1) to adopt policies to encourage borrowing countries to guarantee internationally recognized worker rights (within the meaning of section 502(a)(4) of the Trade Act of 1974) and to include the status of such rights as an integral part of the institution's policy dialogue with each borrowing country;

"(2) in developing the policies referred to in paragraph (1), to use the relevant conventions of the International Labor Organization, which have set forth, among other things, the right of association, the right to organize and bargain collectively, a prohibition on the use of any form of forced or compulsory labor, and certain minimum labor standards that take into account differences in development levels among nations including a minimum age for the employment of children, acceptable conditions of work with respect to minimum wages, hours of work, and occupational safety and health; and

"(3) to establish formal procedures to screen projects and programs funded by the institution for any negative impact in a borrowing country on the rights referred to in paragraph (1).

"(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate by the end of each fiscal year a report on the extent to which each borrowing country guarantees internationally recognized worker rights to its labor force and on progress toward achieving each of the goals described in subsection (a)."

22 USC 283Z-10. **SEC. 38. FOCUS ON LOW-INCOME AREAS OF LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN.**

"The Secretary of the Treasury shall direct the United States Executive Director of the Bank to use the voice and vote of the United States to support an increased focus on the poorest countries in Latin America and the Caribbean, and on poorer areas of better off countries, and to support programs conducted by the Multilateral Investment Fund, particularly in targeting low-income countries and populations, working with nongovernmental organizations and training and assisting former combatants from civil conflicts in Latin America."

**DEPLETED URANIUM**

Sec. 527. None of the funds provided in this or any other Act may be made available to facilitate in any way the sale of M-833 antitank shells or any comparable antitank shells containing
a depleted uranium penetrating component to any country other than (1) countries which are members of NATO, (2) countries which have been designated as a major non-NATO ally for purposes of section 1105 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987 or, (3) Taiwan: Provided, That funds may be made available to facilitate the sale of such shells notwithstanding the limitations of this section if the President determines that to do so is in the national security interest of the United States.

OPPORTION TO ASSISTANCE TO TERRORIST COUNTRIES BY INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 528. (a) INSTRUCTIONS FOR UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of each international financial institution designated in subsection (b), and the Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall instruct the United States Executive Director of the International Fund for Agriculture Development, to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose any loan or other use of the funds of the respective institution to or for a country for which the Secretary of State has made a determination under section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979.

(b) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term "international financial institution" includes—

(1) the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, and the International Monetary Fund; and

(2) wherever applicable, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, the African Development Fund, and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

PROHIBITION ON BILATERAL ASSISTANCE TO TERRORIST COUNTRIES

SEC. 529. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds appropriated for bilateral assistance under any heading of this Act and funds appropriated under any such heading in a provision of law enacted prior to enactment of this Act, shall not be made available to any country which the President determines—

(1) grants sanctuary from prosecution to any individual or group which has committed an act of international terrorism, or

(2) otherwise supports international terrorism.

(b) The President may waive the application of subsection (a) to a country if the President determines that national security or humanitarian reasons justify such waiver. The President shall publish each waiver in the Federal Register and, at least fifteen days before the waiver takes effect, shall notify the Committees on Appropriations of the waiver (including the justification for the waiver) in accordance with the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

COMMERCIAL LEASING OF DEFENSE ARTICLES

SEC. 530. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the regular notification requirements of the Committees on Appropriations, the authority of section 23(a) of the Arms Export
Control Act may be used to provide financing to Israel and Egypt and NATO and major non-NATO allies for the procurement by leasing (including leasing with an option to purchase) of defense articles from United States commercial suppliers, not including Major Defense Equipment (other than helicopters and other types of aircraft having possible civilian application), if the President determines that there are compelling foreign policy or national security reasons for those defense articles being provided by commercial lease rather than by government-to-government sale under such Act.

COMPETITIVE INSURANCE

SEC. 531. All Agency for International Development contracts and solicitations, and subcontracts entered into under such contracts, shall include a clause requiring that United States insurance companies have a fair opportunity to bid for insurance when such insurance is necessary or appropriate.

STINGERS IN THE PERSIAN GULF REGION

SEC. 532. Except as provided in section 581 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1990, the United States may not sell or otherwise make available any Stingers to any country bordering the Persian Gulf under the Arms Export Control Act or chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

PROHIBITION ON LEVERAGING AND DIVERSION OF UNITED STATES ASSISTANCE

SEC. 533. (a) None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be provided to any foreign government (including any instrumentality or agency thereof), foreign person, or United States person in exchange for that foreign government or person undertaking any action which is, if carried out by the United States Government, a United States official or employee, expressly prohibited by a provision of United States law.

(b) For the purposes of this section the term “funds appropriated by this Act” includes only (1) assistance of any kind under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; and (2) credits, and guarantees under the Arms Export Control Act.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit—
(1) the ability of the President, the Vice President, or any official or employee of the United States to make statements or otherwise express their views to any party on any subject;
(2) the ability of an official or employee of the United States to express the policies of the President; or
(3) the ability of an official or employee of the United States to communicate with any foreign country government, group or individual, either directly or through a third party, with respect to the prohibitions of this section including the reasons for such prohibitions, and the actions, terms, or conditions which might lead to the removal of the prohibitions of this section.
DEBT-FOR-DEVELOPMENT

SEC. 534. In order to enhance the continued participation of nongovernmental organizations in economic assistance activities under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, including endowments, debt-for-development and debt-for-nature exchanges, a nongovernmental organization which is a grantee or contractor of the Agency for International Development may place in interest bearing accounts funds made available under this Act or prior Acts or local currencies which accrue to that organization as a result of economic assistance provided under the heading "Agency for International Development" and any interest earned on such investment may be for the purpose for which the assistance was provided to that organization.

LOCATION OF STOCKPILES

SEC. 535. Section 514(b)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "$200,000,000 for stockpiles in Israel for fiscal year 1994" and inserting in lieu thereof "a total of $200,000,000 for stockpiles in Israel for fiscal years 1994 and 1995, up to $40,000,000 may be made available for stockpiles in the Republic of Korea, and up to $10,000,000 may be made available for stockpiles in Thailand for fiscal year 1995".

SEPARATE ACCOUNTS

SEC. 536. (a) SEPARATE ACCOUNTS FOR LOCAL CURRENCIES.—
(1) If assistance is furnished to the government of a foreign country under chapters 1 and 10 of part I (including the Philippines Multilateral Assistance Initiative) or chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 under agreements which result in the generation of local currencies of that country, the Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall—
(A) require that local currencies be deposited in a separate account established by that government;
(B) enter into an agreement with that government which sets forth—
(i) the amount of the local currencies to be generated, and
(ii) the terms and conditions under which the currencies so deposited may be utilized, consistent with this section; and
(C) establish by agreement with that government the responsibilities of the Agency for International Development and that government to monitor and account for deposits into and disbursements from the separate account.
(2) USES OF LOCAL CURRENCIES.—As may be agreed upon with the foreign government, local currencies deposited in a separate account pursuant to subsection (a), or an equivalent amount of local currencies, shall be used only—
(A) to carry out chapters 1 or 10 of part I or chapter 4 of part II (as the case may be), for such purposes as—
(i) project and sector assistance activities, or
(ii) debt and deficit financing; or
(B) for the administrative requirements of the United States Government.
(3) PROGRAMMING ACCOUNTABILITY.—The Agency for International Development shall take all appropriate steps to ensure that the equivalent of the local currencies disbursed pursuant to subsection (a)(2)(A) from the separate account established pursuant to subsection (a)(1) are used for the purposes agreed upon pursuant to subsection (a)(2).

(4) TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.—Upon termination of assistance to a country under chapters 1 or 10 of part I or chapter 4 of part II (as the case may be), any unencumbered balances of funds which remain in a separate account established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be disposed of for such purposes as may be agreed to by the government of that country and the United States Government.

(5) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The provisions of this subsection shall supersede the tenth and eleventh provisos contained under the heading "Sub-Saharan Africa, Development Assistance" as included in the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1989 and sections 531(d) and 609 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

(b) SEPARATE ACCOUNTS FOR CASH TRANSFERS.—(1) If assistance is made available to the government of a foreign country, under chapters 1 or 10 of part I (including the Philippines Multilateral Assistance Initiative) or chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as cash transfer assistance or as nonproject sector assistance, that country shall be required to maintain such funds in a separate account and not commingle them with any other funds.

(2) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW.—Such funds may be obligated and expended notwithstanding provisions of law which are inconsistent with the nature of this assistance including provisions which are referenced in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference accompanying House Joint Resolution 648 (H. Report No. 98-1159).

(3) NOTIFICATION.—At least fifteen days prior to obligating any such cash transfer or nonproject sector assistance, the President shall submit a notification through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, which shall include a detailed description of how the funds proposed to be made available will be used, with a discussion of the United States interests that will be served by the assistance (including, as appropriate, a description of the economic policy reforms that will be promoted by such assistance).

(4) EXEMPTION.—Nonproject sector assistance funds may be exempt from the requirements of subsection (b)(1) only through the notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

COMPENSATION FOR UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 537. (a) No funds appropriated by this Act may be made as payment to any international financial institution while the United States Executive Director to such institution is compensated by the institution at a rate which, together with whatever compensation such Director receives from the United States, is in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, or while any alternate United States Director to such institution is compensated by the institution at a rate
in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

(b) For purposes of this section, "international financial institutions" are: the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the Asian Development Fund, the African Development Bank, the African Development Fund, the International Monetary Fund, and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

COMPLIANCE WITH UNITED NATIONS SANCTIONS AGAINST IRAQ

SEC. 538. (a) DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE.—None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (including title IV of chapter 2 of part I, relating to the Overseas Private Investment Corporation) or the Arms Export Control Act may be used to provide assistance to any country that is not in compliance with the United Nations Security Council sanctions against Iraq, Serbia or Montenegro unless the President determines and so certifies to the Congress that—

(1) such assistance is in the national interest of the United States;

(2) such assistance will directly benefit the needy people in that country; or

(3) the assistance to be provided will be humanitarian assistance for foreign nationals who have fled Iraq and Kuwait.

(b) IMPORT SANCTIONS.—If the President considers that the taking of such action would promote the effectiveness of the economic sanctions of the United Nations and the United States imposed with respect to Iraq, Serbia, or Montenegro, as the case may be and is consistent with the national interest, the President may prohibit, for such a period of time as he considers appropriate, the importation into the United States of any or all products of any foreign country that has not prohibited—

(1) the importation of products of Iraq, Serbia, or Montenegro into its customs territory, and

(2) the export of its products to Iraq, Serbia, or Montenegro, as the case may be.

POW/MIA MILITARY DRAWDOWN

SEC. 539. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may direct the drawdown, without reimbursement by the recipient, of defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense, defense services of the Department of Defense, and military education and training, of an aggregate value not to exceed $15,000,000 in fiscal year 1995, as may be necessary to carry out subsection (b).

(b) Such defense articles, services and training may be provided to Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos, under subsection (a) as the President determines are necessary to support efforts to locate and repatriate members of the United States Armed Forces and civilians employed directly or indirectly by the United States Government who remain unaccounted for from the Vietnam War, and to ensure the safety of United States Government personnel engaged in such cooperative efforts and to support United States Department of
Defense-sponsored humanitarian projects associated with the POW/MIA efforts. Any aircraft shall be provided under this section only to Laos and only on a lease or loan basis, but may be provided at no cost notwithstanding section 61 of the Arms Export Control Act and may be maintained with defense articles, services and training provided under this section.

(c) The President shall, within sixty days of the end of any fiscal year in which the authority of subsection (a) is exercised, submit a report to the Congress which identifies the articles, services, and training drawn down under this section.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the applicable appropriation, fund, or account for defense articles, defense services, and military education and training provided under this section.

MEDITE RAN EAN EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES
SEC. 540. During fiscal year 1995, the provisions of section 573(e) of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1990, shall be applicable, for the period specified therein, to excess defense articles made available under sections 516 and 519 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

PRIORITY DELIVERY OF EQUIPMENT
SEC. 541. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the delivery of excess defense articles that are to be transferred on a grant basis under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act to NATO allies and to major non-NATO allies on the southern and southeastern flank of NATO shall be given priority to the maximum extent feasible over the delivery of such excess defense articles to other countries.

ISRAEL DRAWDOWN
(a) by striking out “fiscal year 1994” and inserting in lieu thereof “fiscal year 1995”;
(b) by striking out “Appropriations Act, 1994” and inserting in lieu thereof “Appropriations Act, 1995”; and
(c) by striking out “$700,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$775,000,000”.

CASH FLOW FINANCING
SEC. 543. For each country that has been approved for cash flow financing (as defined in section 25(d) of the Arms Export Control Act, as added by section 112(b) of Public Law 99–83) under the Foreign Military Financing Program, any Letter of Offer and Acceptance or other purchase agreement, or any amendment thereto, for a procurement in excess of $100,000,000 that is to be financed in whole or in part with funds made available under this Act shall be submitted through the regular notification procedures to the Committees on Appropriations.
AUTHORITIES FOR THE PEACE CORPS, THE INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION AND THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

SEC. 544. Unless expressly provided to the contrary, provisions of this or any other Act, including provisions contained in prior Acts authorizing or making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs, shall not be construed to prohibit activities authorized by or conducted under the Peace Corps Act, the Inter-American Foundation Act, or the African Development Foundation Act. The appropriate agency shall promptly report to the Committees on Appropriations whenever it is conducting activities or is proposing to conduct activities in a country for which assistance is prohibited.

IMPACT ON JOBS IN THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 545. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended to provide—

(a) any financial incentive to a business enterprise currently located in the United States for the purpose of inducing such an enterprise to relocate outside the United States if such incentive or inducement is likely to reduce the number of employees of such business enterprise in the United States because United States production is being replaced by such enterprise outside the United States;

(b) assistance for the purpose of establishing or developing in a foreign country any export processing zone or designated area in which the tax, tariff, labor, environment, and safety laws of that country do not apply, in part or in whole, to activities carried out within that zone or area, unless the President determines and certifies that such assistance is not likely to cause a loss of jobs within the United States; or

(c) assistance for any project or activity that contributes to the violation of internationally recognized workers rights, as defined in section 502(a)(4) of the Trade Act of 1974, of workers in the recipient country, including any designated zone or area in that country; Provided, That in recognition that the application of this subsection should be commensurate with the level of development of the recipient country and sector, the provisions of this subsection shall not preclude assistance for the informal sector in such country, micro and small-scale enterprise, and smallholder agriculture.

AUTHORITY TO ASSIST BOSNIA-HERCEGOVINA

SEC. 546. (a) Congress finds as follows:

(1) The United Nations has imposed an embargo on the transfer of arms to any country on the territory of the former Yugoslavia.

(2) The federated states of Serbia and Montenegro have a large supply of military equipment and ammunition and the Serbian forces fighting the government of Bosnia-Hercegovina have more than one thousand battle tanks, armored vehicles, and artillery pieces.

(3) Because the United Nations arms embargo is serving to sustain the military advantage of the aggressor, the United Nations should exempt the government of Bosnia-Hercegovina from its embargo.
(b) Pursuant to a lifting of the United Nations arms embargo, or to a unilateral lifting of the arms embargo by the President of the United States, against Bosnia-Hercegovina, the President is authorized to transfer, subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, to the government of that nation, without reimbursement, defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense and defense services of the Department of Defense of an aggregate value not to exceed $50,000,000 in fiscal year 1995: Provided, That the President certifies in a timely fashion to the Congress that—

(1) the transfer of such articles would assist that nation in self-defense and thereby promote the security and stability of the region; and
(2) United States allies are prepared to join in such a military assistance effort.

(c) Within 60 days of any transfer under the authority provided in subsection (b), and every 60 days thereafter, the President shall report in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate concerning the articles transferred and the disposition thereof.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the applicable appropriation, fund, or account for defense articles provided under this section.

SPECIAL AUTHORITIES

SEC. 547. (a) Funds appropriated in title II of this Act that are made available for Haiti, Afghanistan, Lebanon, and Cambodia, and for victims of war, displaced children, displaced Burmese, humanitarian assistance for Romania, and humanitarian assistance for the peoples of Bosnia-Hercegovina, Croatia, and Kosovo, may be made available notwithstanding any other provision of law: Provided, That any such funds that are made available for Cambodia shall be subject to the provisions of section 531(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and section 906 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985: Provided further, That the President shall terminate assistance to any country or organization that he determines is cooperating, tactically or strategically, with the Khmer Rouge in their military operations.

(b) Funds appropriated by this Act to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be used, notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the purpose of supporting tropical forestry and energy programs aimed at reducing emissions of greenhouse gases with regard to the key countries in which deforestation and energy policy would make a significant contribution to global warming, and for the purpose of supporting biodiversity conservation activities: Provided, That such assistance shall be subject to sections 116, 502B, and 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

(c) During fiscal year 1995, the President may use up to $50,000,000 under the authority of section 451 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, notwithstanding the funding ceiling contained in subsection (a) of that section.

(d) The Agency for International Development may employ personal services contractors, notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the purpose of administering programs for the West Bank and Gaza.
POLICY ON TERMINATING THE ARAB LEAGUE BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL

SEC. 548. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
(1) since 1948 the Arab countries have maintained a pri­
mary boycott against Israel, refusing to do business with Israel;
(2) since the early 1950s the Arab League has maintained
a secondary and tertiary boycott against American and other
companies that have commercial ties with Israel;
(3) the boycott seeks to coerce American firms by blacklist­
ing those that do business with Israel and harm America’s
competitiveness;
(4) the United States has a longstanding policy opposing
the Arab League boycott and United States law prohibits Amer­
ican firms from providing information to Arab countries to
demonstrate compliance with the boycott;
(5) with real progress being made in the Middle East
peace process and the serious confidence-building measures
taken by the State of Israel an end to the Arab boycott of
Israel and of American companies that have commercial ties
with Israel is long overdue and would represent a significant
confidence-building measure; and
(6) in the interest of Middle East peace and free commerce,
the President must take more concrete steps to press the Arab
states to end their practice of blacklisting and boycotting Amer­
ican companies that have trade ties with Israel.

(b) POLICY.—It is the sense of the Congress that—
(1) the Arab League countries should immediately and
publicly renounce the primary boycott of Israel and the second­
yary and tertiary boycott of American firms that have commer­
cial ties with Israel; and
(2) the President should—
(A) take more concrete steps to encourage vigorously
Arab League countries to renounce publicly the primary
boycotts of Israel and the secondary and tertiary boycotts
of American firms that have commercial relations with
Israel as a confidence-building measure;
(B) take into consideration the participation of any
recipient country in the primary boycott of Israel and the
secondary and tertiary boycotts of American firms that
have commercial relations with Israel when determining
whether to sell weapons to said country;
(C) report to Congress on the specific steps being taken
by the President to bring about a public renunciation of
the Arab primary boycott of Israel and the secondary
and tertiary boycotts of American firms that have commercial
relations with Israel; and
(D) encourage the allies and trading partners of the
United States to enact laws prohibiting businesses from
complying with the boycott and penalizing businessees that
do comply.

ANTI-NARCOTICS ACTIVITIES

SEC. 549. (a) Of the funds appropriated by this Act under
the heading “Economic Support Fund”, assistance may be provided
to strengthen the administration of justice in countries in Latin
America and the Caribbean in accordance with the provisions of
section 534 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, except that
programs to enhance protection of participants in judicial cases may be conducted notwithstanding section 660 of that Act.

(b) Of the funds appropriated by this Act under the heading "Economic Support Fund", notwithstanding section 660 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, up to $3,000,000 may be made available, subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, for technical assistance, training, and commodities with the objective of creating a professional civilian police force for Panama, and for programs to improve penal institutions and the rehabilitation of offenders in Panama (which programs may be conducted other than through multilateral or regional institutions), except that such technical assistance shall not include more than $1,000,000 for the procurement of equipment for law enforcement purposes, and shall not include lethal equipment.

(c) Funds made available pursuant to this section may be made available notwithstanding the third sentence of section 534(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. Funds made available pursuant to subsection (a) for Bolivia, Colombia and Peru and subsection (b) may be made available notwithstanding section 534(c) and the second sentence of section 534(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE

SEC. 550. (a) ASSISTANCE THROUGH NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS.—Restrictions contained in this or any other Act with respect to assistance for a country shall not be construed to restrict assistance in support of programs of nongovernmental organizations from funds appropriated by this Act to carry out the provisions of chapters 1 and 10 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961: Provided, That the President shall take into consideration, in any case in which a restriction on assistance would be applicable but for this subsection, whether assistance in support of programs of nongovernmental organizations is in the national interest of the United States: Provided further, That before using the authority of this subsection to furnish assistance in support of programs of nongovernmental organizations, the President shall notify the Committees on Appropriations under the regular notification procedures of those committees, including a description of the program to be assisted, the assistance to be provided, and the reasons for furnishing such assistance: Provided further, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to alter any existing statutory prohibitions against abortion or involuntary sterilizations contained in this or any other Act.

(b) PUBLIC LAW 480.—During fiscal year 1995, restrictions contained in this or any other Act with respect to assistance for a country shall not be construed to restrict assistance under titles I and II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated to carry out title I of such Act and made available pursuant to this subsection may be obligated or expended except as provided through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

(c) EXCEPTION.—This section shall not apply—

(1) with respect to section 529 of this Act or any comparable provision of law prohibiting assistance to countries that support international terrorism; or
with respect to section 116 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or any comparable provision of law prohibiting assistance to countries that violate internationally recognized human rights.

EARMARKS

SEC. 551. (a) Funds appropriated by this Act which are earmarked may be reprogrammed for other programs within the same account notwithstanding the earmark if compliance with the earmark is made impossible by operation of any provision of this or any other Act or, with respect to a country with which the United States has an agreement providing the United States with base rights or base access in that country, if the President determines that the recipient for which funds are earmarked has significantly reduced its military or economic cooperation with the United States since enactment of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1991; however, before exercising the authority of this subsection with regard to a base rights or base access country which has significantly reduced its military or economic cooperation with the United States, the President shall consult with, and shall provide a written policy justification to the Committees on Appropriations: Provided, That any such reprogramming shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That assistance that is reprogrammed pursuant to this subsection shall be made available under the same terms and conditions as originally provided.

(b) In addition to the authority contained in subsection (a), the original period of availability of funds appropriated by this Act and administered by the Agency for International Development that are earmarked for particular programs or activities by this or any other Act shall be extended for an additional fiscal year if the Administrator of such agency determines and reports promptly to the Committees on Appropriations that the termination of assistance to a country or a significant change in circumstances makes it unlikely that such earmarked funds can be obligated during the original period of availability: Provided, That such earmarked funds that are continued available for an additional fiscal year shall be obligated only for the purpose of such earmark.

CEILINGS AND EARMARKS

SEC. 552. Ceilings and earmarks contained in this Act shall not be applicable to funds or authorities appropriated or otherwise made available by any subsequent Act unless such Act specifically so directs.

EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES

SEC. 553. (a) The authority of section 519 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used in fiscal year 1995 to provide nonlethal excess defense articles to countries for which United States foreign assistance has been requested and for which receipt of such articles was separately justified for the fiscal year, without regard to the restrictions in subsection (a) of section 519.

(b) The authority of section 518 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be exercised notwithstanding any other provision of law.
(c) The authority of section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used in fiscal year 1995 to provide defense articles to Jordan, except that the provision of such defense articles shall be subject to section 538 of this Act.

PROHIBITION ON PUBLICITY OR PROPAGANDA

SEC. 554. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes within the United States not authorized before the date of enactment of this Act by the Congress.

DISADVANTAGED ENTERPRISES

SEC. 555. (a) Except to the extent that the Administrator of the Agency for International Development determines otherwise, not less than 10 percent of the aggregate amount made available for the current fiscal year for the "Development Assistance Fund", "Population, Development Assistance", and the "Development Fund for Africa" shall be made available only for activities of United States organizations and individuals that are—

(1) business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals,

(2) historically black colleges and universities,

(3) colleges and universities having a student body in which more than 40 per centum of the students are Hispanic American, and

(4) private voluntary organizations which are controlled by individuals who are socially and economically disadvantaged.

(b)(1) In addition to other actions taken to carry out this section, the actions described in paragraphs (2) through (5) shall be taken with respect to development assistance and assistance for sub-Saharan Africa for the current fiscal year.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to achieve the goals of this section, the Administrator—

(A) to the maximum extent practicable, shall utilize the authority of section 8(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a));

(B) to the maximum extent practicable, shall enter into contracts with small business concerns owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals, and organizations contained in paragraphs (2) through (4) of subsection (a)—

(i) using less than full and open competitive procedures under such terms and conditions as the Administrator deems appropriate, and

(ii) using an administrative system for justifications and approvals that, in the Administrator's discretion, may best achieve the purpose of this section; and

(C) shall issue regulations to require that any contract in excess of $500,000 contain a provision requiring that no less than 10 per centum of the dollar value of the contract be subcontracted to entities described in subsection (a), except—

(i) to the extent the Administrator determines otherwise on a case-by-case or category-of-contract basis; and

(ii) this subparagraph does not apply to any prime contractor that is an entity described in subsection (a).
(3) Each person with contracting authority who is attached to the Agency's headquarters in Washington, as well as all Agency missions and regional offices, shall notify the Agency's Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization at least seven business days before advertising a contract in excess of $100,000, except to the extent that the Administrator determines otherwise on a case-by-case or category-of-contract basis.

(4) The Administrator shall include, as part of the performance evaluation of any mission director of the agency, the mission director's efforts to carry out this section.

(5) The Administrator shall submit to the Congress annual reports on the implementation of this section. Each such report shall specify the number and dollar value or amount (as the case may be) of prime contracts, subcontracts, grants, and cooperative agreements awarded to entities described in subsection (a) during the preceding fiscal year.

(c) As used in this section, the term "socially and economically disadvantaged individuals" has the same meaning that term is given for purposes of section 8(d) of the Small Business Act, except that the term includes women.

USE OF AMERICAN RESOURCES

SEC. 556. To the maximum extent possible, assistance provided under this Act should make full use of American resources, including commodities, products, and services.

LIMITATIONS ON ASSISTANCE FOR NICARAGUA

SEC. 557. (a) Funds appropriated by this Act under the heading "Economic Support Fund" may only be made available to the Government of Nicaragua upon the notification, in writing, by the Secretary of State to the appropriate committees that he has determined that significant and tangible progress is being made by the Government of Nicaragua toward—

(1) the prosecution of any individual identified as part of a terrorist/kidnapping ring by the investigation of issues raised by the discovery, after the May 23, 1993, explosion in Managua, of weapons caches, false passports, identity papers and other documents, suggesting the existence of such a ring, including all government officials (including any members of the armed forces or security forces);

(2) the resolution of expropriation claims and the effective compensation of legitimate claims;

(3) the timely implementation of recommendations made by the Tripartite Commission as it undertakes to review and identify those responsible for gross human rights violations, including the expeditious prosecution of individuals identified by the commission in connection with such violations;

(4) the enactment into law of legislation to reform the Nicaraguan military and security forces in order to guarantee civilian control over the armed forces;

(5) the establishment of civilian control over the police, and the independence of the police from the military; and

(6) the effective reform of the Nicaraguan judicial system.

(b) The notification pursuant to subsection (a) above shall include a detailed listing of the tangible evidence that forms the basis for such determination.
(c) For purposes of this section, the term “appropriate committees” means the Committees on Foreign Relations and Appropriations of the Senate and Committees on Foreign Affairs and Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

PROHIBITION OF PAYMENTS TO UNITED NATIONS MEMBERS

SEC. 558. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act for carrying out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, may be used to pay in whole or in part any assessments, arrearages, or dues of any member of the United Nations.

CONSULTING SERVICES

SEC. 559. The expenditure of any appropriation under this Act for any consulting service through procurement contract, pursuant to section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, shall be limited to those contracts where such expenditures are a matter of public record and available for public inspection, except where otherwise provided under existing law, or under existing Executive order pursuant to existing law.

PRIVATE VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS—DOCUMENTATION

SEC. 560. None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act shall be available to a private voluntary organization which fails to provide upon timely request any document, file, or record necessary to the auditing requirements of the Agency for International Development, nor shall any of the funds appropriated by this Act be made available to any private voluntary organization which is not registered with the Agency for International Development.

SPECIAL DEBT RELIEF FOR THE POOREST

SEC. 561. (a) AUTHORITY TO REDUCE DEBT.—The President may reduce amounts owed to the United States (or any agency of the United States) by an eligible country as a result of—

(1) guarantees issued under sections 221 and 222 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; or
(2) credits extended or guarantees issued under the Arms Export Control Act.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—

(1) The authority provided by subsection (a) may be exercised only to implement multilateral official debt relief and referendum agreements, commonly referred to as “Paris Club Agreed Minutes”.

(2) The authority provided by subsection (a) may be exercised only in such amounts or to such extent as is provided in advance by appropriations Acts.

(3) The authority provided by subsection (a) may be exercised only with respect to countries with heavy debt burdens that are eligible to borrow from the International Development Association, but not from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, commonly referred to as “IDA-only” countries.

(c) CONDITIONS.—The authority provided by subsection (a) may be exercised only with respect to a country whose government—
(1) does not have an excessive level of military expenditures;
(2) has not repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism;
(3) is not failing to cooperate on international narcotics control matters;
(4) (including its military or other security forces) does not engage in a consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights; and
(5) is not ineligible for assistance because of the application of section 527 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995.

(d) Availability of Funds.—The authority provided by subsection (a) may be used only with regard to funds appropriated by this Act under the heading “Debt Restructuring”.

(e) Certain Prohibitions Inapplicable.—A reduction of debt pursuant to subsection (a) shall not be considered assistance for purposes of any provision of law limiting assistance to a country. The authority provided by subsection (a) may be exercised notwithstanding section 620(r) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

GUARANTEES


PROHIBITION ON ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS THAT EXPORT LETHAL MILITARY EQUIPMENT TO COUNTRIES SUPPORTING INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM

SEC. 563. (a) None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be available to any foreign government which provides lethal military equipment to a country the government of which the Secretary of State has determined is a terrorist government for purposes of section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act. The prohibition under this section with respect to a foreign government shall terminate 12 months after that government ceases to provide such military equipment. This section applies with respect to lethal military equipment provided under a contract entered into after the date of enactment of this Act. Assistance restricted by subsection (a) or any other similar provision of law, may be furnished if the President determines that furnishing such assistance is important to the national interests of the United States.

(c) Whenever the waiver of subsection (b) is exercised, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report with respect to the furnishing of such assistance. Any such report shall include a detailed explanation of the assistance to be provided, including the estimated dollar amount of such assistance, and an explanation of how the assistance furthers United States national interests.
WITHHOLDING OF ASSISTANCE FOR PARKING FINES OWED BY FOREIGN COUNTRIES

SEC. 564. (a) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds made available for a foreign country under part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, an amount equivalent to 110 percent of the total unpaid fully adjudicated parking fines and penalties owed to the District of Columbia by such country as of the date of enactment of this Act shall be withheld from obligation for such country until the Secretary of State certifies and reports in writing to the appropriate congressional committees that such fines and penalties are fully paid to the government of the District of Columbia.

(b) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE FOR THE PLO FOR THE WEST BANK AND GAZA

SEC. 565. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated for assistance for the Palestine Liberation Organization for the West Bank and Gaza unless the President has exercised the authority under section 583(a) of the Middle East Peace Facilitation Act of 1994 (part E of title V of Public Law 103–236) or any other legislation to suspend or make inapplicable section 307 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and that suspension is still in effect: Provided, That if the President fails to make the certification under section 583(b)(2) of the Middle East Peace Facilitation Act or to suspend the prohibition under other legislation, funds appropriated by this Act may not be obligated for assistance for the Palestine Liberation Organization for the West Bank and Gaza.

FACILITATE PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST

SEC. 565A. ADDITIONAL CONGRESSIONAL EXPECTATION.—Section 583(b)(5) of the Middle East Peace Facilitation Act is amended—
(1) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (C);
(2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting “; and”;
and
(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
“(E) amending its National Covenant to eliminate all references calling for the destruction of Israel.”.

PROCUREMENT REDUCTION

SEC. 566. (a) Of the budgetary resources available to the Agency for International Development during fiscal year 1995, $1,598,000 are permanently canceled.

(b) The Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall allocate the amount of budgetary resources canceled among the Agency’s accounts available for procurement and procurement-related expenses. Amounts available for procurement and procurement-related expenses in each such account shall be reduced by the amount allocated to such account.

(c) For the purposes of this section, the definition of “procurement” includes all stages of the process of acquiring property or services, beginning with the process of determining a need for
a product or services and ending with contract completion and closeout, as specified in section 403(a)(2) of title 41, United States Code.

IMPLEMENTATION OF WORLD BANK RECOMMENDATIONS

SEC. 567. (a) Funds appropriated by title I of this Act under the headings “Contribution to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development” and “Contribution to the International Development Association” shall be available for payment to such institutions as follows:

(1) Fifty percent of the funds appropriated under each such heading shall be made available prior to April 1, 1995. Fifty percent of the funds appropriated under each such heading shall be made available on April 1, 1995, or thereafter, only if the Secretary of the Treasury makes the determinations (and so reports to the Committees on Appropriations) described in paragraph (2) of this subsection at any time on or after that date.

(2) The determinations referred to in paragraph (1) are determinations that the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development is—

(A) implementing the recommendations contained in “Next Steps”, the follow-up to the Wapenhans Report;
(B) implementing the action plan contained in chapter 8 of its April 8, 1994, resettlement review entitled “Resettlement and Development”; and
(C) implementing the Bank’s procedures on Disclosure of Operational Information issued in September 1993.

(b) Funds appropriated by title I of this Act under the heading “Contribution to the International Finance Corporation” shall be available for payment to such institution as follows:

(1) Fifty percent of the funds appropriated under such heading shall be made available prior to April 1, 1995. Fifty percent of the funds appropriated under such heading shall be made available on or after April 1, 1995, only if the Secretary of the Treasury makes the determination (and so reports to the Committees on Appropriations) described in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(2) The determination referred to in paragraph (1) is a determination that the International Finance Corporation is pursuing reforms comparable to those adopted by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development regarding the environment, information disclosure, and resettlement.

PURCHASE OF AMERICAN-MADE EQUIPMENT AND PRODUCTS

SEC. 568. (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that, to the greatest extent practicable, all equipment and products purchased with funds made available in this Act should be American-made.

(b) NOTICE REQUIREMENT.—In providing financial assistance to, or entering into any contract with, any entity using funds made available in this Act, the head of each Federal agency shall provide, to the greatest extent practicable, to such entity notice consistent with subsection (a) and section 604(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.
WEST BANK AND GAZA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

SEC. 569. Of the funds appropriated by this Act under the heading "Economic Support Fund", not less than $20,000,000 should be made available to support the creation and expansion of small and medium-sized businesses, including agricultural enterprises, in the West Bank and Gaza. All or any part of such funds may be used for the subsidy cost of direct loans and loan guarantees as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974. Funds made available under this heading shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

AGRICULTURAL AID TO THE NEW INDEPENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION

SEC. 570. Of the funds appropriated by title II of this Act under the heading "Assistance for the New Independent States of the Former Soviet Union" up to $50,000,000 should be made available only for provision of United States agricultural commodities to address the food and nutrition needs of the people of the new independent states of the former Soviet Union: Provided, That in providing assistance under this section, primary emphasis shall be given to meeting the food and nutrition needs of children and pregnant and post-partum women: Provided further, That funds made available for the purposes of this section may be used for transportation of United States agricultural commodities provided under this section: Provided further, That the President may enter into agreements with the governments of the new independent states and nongovernmental organizations to provide for the sale of any part of the United States agricultural commodities in the new independent states for local currencies: Provided further, That any such local currencies shall be used in the new independent states to process, transport, store, distribute or otherwise enhance the effectiveness of the use of United States agricultural commodities provided under this section, and to support agricultural and rural development activities.

EXPORT FINANCING TRANSFER AUTHORITIES

SEC. 571. Not to exceed 5 percent of any appropriation other than for administrative expenses made available for fiscal year 1995 for programs under title IV of this Act may be transferred between such appropriations for use for any of the purposes, programs and activities for which the funds in such receiving account may be used, but no such appropriation, except as otherwise specifically provided, shall be increased by more than 25 percent by any such transfer: Provided, That the exercise of such authority shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: Provided further, That $12,000,000 shall be immediately transferred from funds available to the Export-Import Bank for fiscal year 1994 to the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, and $1,000,000 shall be immediately transferred from funds available to the Export-Import Bank for fiscal year 1994 to the Trade and Development Agency: Provided further, That the provisions of the previous proviso shall be effective on the date of enactment of this Act.
INCAE

SEC. 572. The Government of Nicaragua may assume the obligation of the Central American Institute of Business Administration (INCAE) to make payment to the United States under a loan made to INCAE pursuant to an Alliance for Progress Loan Agreement dated April 25, 1972: Provided, That such payment shall be for the cost, as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of such obligation and shall relieve INCAE of any further liability to the United States for payment of interest and principal under such loan notwithstanding section 620(r) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

MONGOLIA

SEC. 573. Section 620(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking "Mongolian People's Republic." from the list contained therein.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH COMMITMENTS

SEC. 574. Section 804(b) of title VIII of Public Law 101–246 (PLO Commitments Compliance Act of 1989) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (9) by striking "; and" and inserting in lieu thereof ";"

(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (10) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and

(3) by adding the following new paragraph:

"(11) measures taken by the PLO to prevent acts of terrorism, crime and hostilities and to legally punish offenders, as called for in the Gaza-Jericho agreement of May 4, 1994."

WAR CRIMES TRIBUNALS

SEC. 575. If the President determines that doing so will contribute to a just resolution of charges regarding genocide or other violations of international humanitarian law, the authority of section 552(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to provide up to $25,000,000 of commodities and services to the United Nations War Crimes Tribunal established with regard to the former Yugoslavia by the United Nations Security Council or such other tribunals or commissions as the Council may establish to deal with such violations, without regard to the ceiling limitation contained in paragraph (2) thereof: Provided, That the determination required under this section shall be in lieu of any determinations otherwise required under section 552(c): Provided further, That 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations describing the steps the United States Government is taking to collect information regarding allegations of genocide or other violations of international law in the former Yugoslavia and to furnish that information to the United Nations War Crimes Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia.
DONATION OF SURPLUS AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES TO POLAND

SEC. 576. (a) EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION.—Section 2223(a) of the American Aid to Poland Act of 1988 (7 U.S.C. 1431 note) is amended by—

(1) inserting “if the Secretary of Agriculture determines for each fiscal year that (1) a donation under this section would not limit the Secretary’s ability to meet urgent humanitarian needs for agricultural commodities, and (2) such donation would not cause a reduction in the price of the same or similar agricultural commodities produced in Poland” after “Notwithstanding any other provision of law,”; and

(2) striking “1988 through 1992” and inserting in lieu thereof “1995 through 1999”.

(b) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE COMMODITIES.—Section 2223(b)(1) of that Act is amended by inserting “soybeans, and soybean products” after “feed grains”.

(c) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Section 416(b)(7)(D)(ii) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431(b)(7)(D)(ii)) is amended in the third sentence—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of subclause (II);

(2) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subclause:

“(IV) the Polish Catholic Episcopate’s Rural Water Supply Foundation.”.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect October 1, 1994.

NONLETHAL EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES

SEC. 577. Notwithstanding section 519(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, during fiscal year 1995, funds available to the Department of Defense may be expended for crating, packing, handling and transportation of nonlethal excess defense articles transferred under the authority of section 519 to Albania.

LANDMINES

SEC. 578. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, demining equipment available to any department or agency and used in support of the clearing of landmines for humanitarian purposes may be disposed of on a grant basis in foreign countries, subject to such terms and conditions as the President may prescribe.

PROHIBITION ON PAYMENT OF CERTAIN EXPENSES

SEC. 579. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act under the heading “INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING” or “FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING PROGRAM” for Informational Program activities may be obligated or expended to pay for—

(1) alcoholic beverages;

(2) food (other than food provided at a military installation) not provided in conjunction with Informational Program trips where students do not stay at a military installation; or

(3) entertainment expenses for activities that are substantially of a recreational character, including entrance fees at sporting events and amusement parks.
EMERGENCY PROJECTS IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

SEC. 580. Of the funds appropriated by this Act, not less than $10,000,000 should be available only for emergency winterization and rehabilitation projects and for the reestablishment of essential services in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

SEC. 581. Of the funds appropriated by this Act, not less than $5,000,000 should be available only for medical equipment, medical supplies, and medicine to Bosnia and Herzegovina, and for the repair and reconstruction of hospitals, clinics, and medical facilities in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

INDONESIA

SEC. 582. The United States shall continue to refrain from selling or licensing for export to the Government of Indonesia defense articles such as small or light arms and crowd control items until the Secretary of State determines and reports to the Committees on Appropriations that there has been significant progress made on human rights in East Timor and elsewhere in Indonesia, including in such areas as—

2. significantly reducing Indonesia's troop presence in East Timor; and
3. participating constructively in the United Nations Secretary General's efforts to resolve the status of East Timor.

REPORT ON THE SALARIES AND BENEFITS OF THE IMF AND THE WORLD BANK

SEC. 583. The Comptroller General shall submit a report to the Committees on Appropriations on the following—

1. a review of the existing salaries and benefits of employees of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development; and
2. a review of all benefits paid to dependents of Fund and Bank employees.

Such report shall include a comparison of the salaries and benefits paid to employees and dependents of the Fund and the Bank with salaries and benefits paid to employees holding comparable positions in the public and private sectors in member countries and in the international sector.

BALTIC TROOP WITHDRAWAL

SEC. 584. (a) PROHIBITION.—None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act (other than funds to carry out humanitarian assistance) may be available in any fiscal year for Russia unless the President has certified to the Congress not more than six months in advance of the obligation or expenditure of such funds that the Government of Russia and the Governments of Latvia and Estonia have established a timetable for the withdrawal of the armed forces of Russia and the Commonwealth of...
Independent States, and all parties are complying with such timetable.

(b) Subsection (a) does not apply if the President determines that the provision of funds to the Government of Russia is in the national security interest of the United States.

RESTRICTIONS CONCERNING THE PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY

SEC. 585. (a) None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended to create in any part of Jerusalem a new office of any department or agency of the United States Government for the purpose of conducting official United States Government business with the Palestinian Authority over Gaza and Jericho or any successor Palestinian governing entity provided for in the Israel-PLO Declaration of Principles: Provided, That this subsection shall not apply to the acquisition of additional space for the existing Consulate General in Jerusalem.

(b) Meetings between officers and employees of the United States and officials of the Palestinian Authority, or any successor Palestinian governing entity provided for in the Israel-PLO Declaration of Principles, for the purpose of conducting official United States Government business with such authority should continue to take place in locations other than Jerusalem. As has been true in the past, officers and employees of the United States Government may continue to meet in Jerusalem on other subjects with Palestinians (including those who now occupy positions in the Palestinian Authority), have social contacts, and have incidental discussions.

REPORT ON BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS

SEC. 586. The President shall report to the Committees on Appropriations, not later than January 30, 1995, on whether or not Russia has demonstrated a commitment to comply with the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and, upon Russian ratification and entry into force, the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction, and the Wyoming Memorandum of Understanding Regarding a Bilateral Verification Experiment and Data Exchange Related to Prohibition of Chemical Weapons.

Titles I through V may be cited as the "Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1995".

TITLE VI—FISCAL YEAR 1994 SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

The following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes, namely:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

DEBT RELIEF FOR JORDAN

(a) AUTHORITY TO REDUCE DEBT.—

(1) AUTHORITY.—For fiscal year 1994 and thereafter, the President is authorized to reduce or cancel amounts owed to the United States or any agency of the United States by the President.
Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan as a result of loans originally made or credits originally extended by the United States or any agency of the United States before January 1, 1994.

(2) **APPROPRIATIONS REQUIREMENT.**—The authority provided by this section may be exercised only in such amounts or to such extent as is provided in advance by appropriations Acts.

(3) **CERTAIN PROHIBITIONS INAPPLICABLE.**—The authority of this section may be exercised notwithstanding section 620(r) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, section 321 of the International Development and Food Assistance Act of 1975, or similar provisions of law. In addition, a reduction of debt pursuant to this section shall not be considered assistance for purposes of any provision of law limiting assistance to a country.

(b) **APPROPRIATIONS.**—

(1) **APPROPRIATIONS.**—For the cost of modifying direct loans, as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, for Jordan, in accordance with the authority contained in this section, $99,000,000 is appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 1994.

(2) **FISCAL YEAR 1994.**—For fiscal year 1994—

(A) funds appropriated under this section may be used only for the cost of modifying direct loans entered into under programs administered by the Agency for International Development; and

(B) such funds may be used to reduce or cancel not to exceed $220,000,000 of the amounts owed pursuant to such loans.

**AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

**INTERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE**

For an additional amount for "International Disaster Assistance", $20,000,000, to remain available until expended, for international disaster relief, rehabilitation, and reconstruction assistance pursuant to section 491 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended: *Provided*, That funds appropriated under this heading may be made available notwithstanding section 10 of Public Law 91-572: *Provided further*, That the entire amount is designated by Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(D)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.

**DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

**UNITED STATES EMERGENCY REFUGEE AND MIGRATION ASSISTANCE FUND**

For an additional amount for "United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund", $30,000,000: *Provided*, That such funds may be made available to respond to the current Rwandan refugee crisis if the President determines that it is in the national interest to do so: *Provided further*, That the entire amount is designated by Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(D)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended.
This title may be cited as the "Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1994".